

Computer Science CSCI 261

Computer Architecture and Assembly Language

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Motorola 68HC11

The 68HC11 (6811 or HC11 for short) is an 8-bit microcontroller family introduced by Motorola in 1984. HC11s are used in automotive applications, barcode readers, hotel card key writers, amateur robotics, and various other embedded systems [Wikipedia].

○ E Series Development Boards

- HC11 EVBU (711E9)
- AXIOM CME11E9 EVBU (11E9)

Development Environments

- MS Windows
 - `as11`: cross assembler
 - `ImageCraft`: cross compiler
 - `sim11`, `wookie`: simulators
 - `HyperTerminal`: down-loader/communications

- Linux
 - `gas`: cross assembler (GNU Tool Chain for HC11)
 - `gcc`: cross compiler (GNU Tool Chain for HC11)
 - `gdb`: simulator (GNU Tool Chain for HC11)
 - `minicom`: down-loader/communications

HC11 Overview

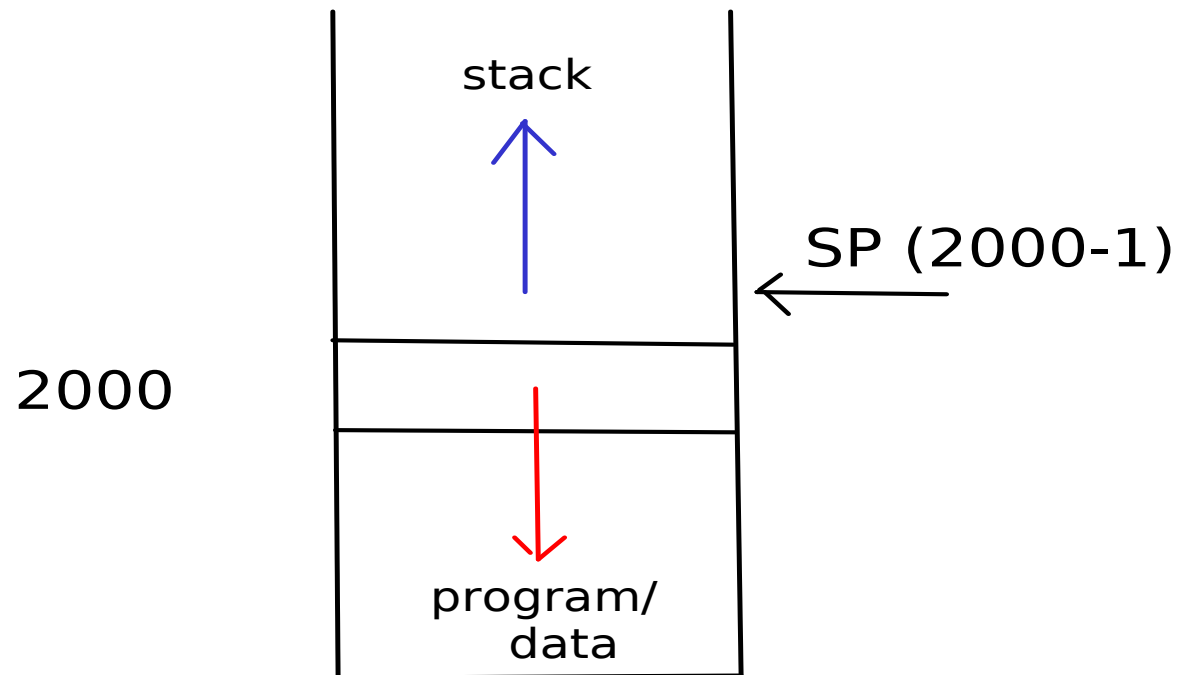
○ Components

- cpu
- five ports A, B, C, D and E
- serial peripheral interface (SPI)
- serial communications interface (SCI)
- timer subsystem (Tic/Toc)
- analog to digital subsystem (A/D)
- interrupt subsystem
- mode select

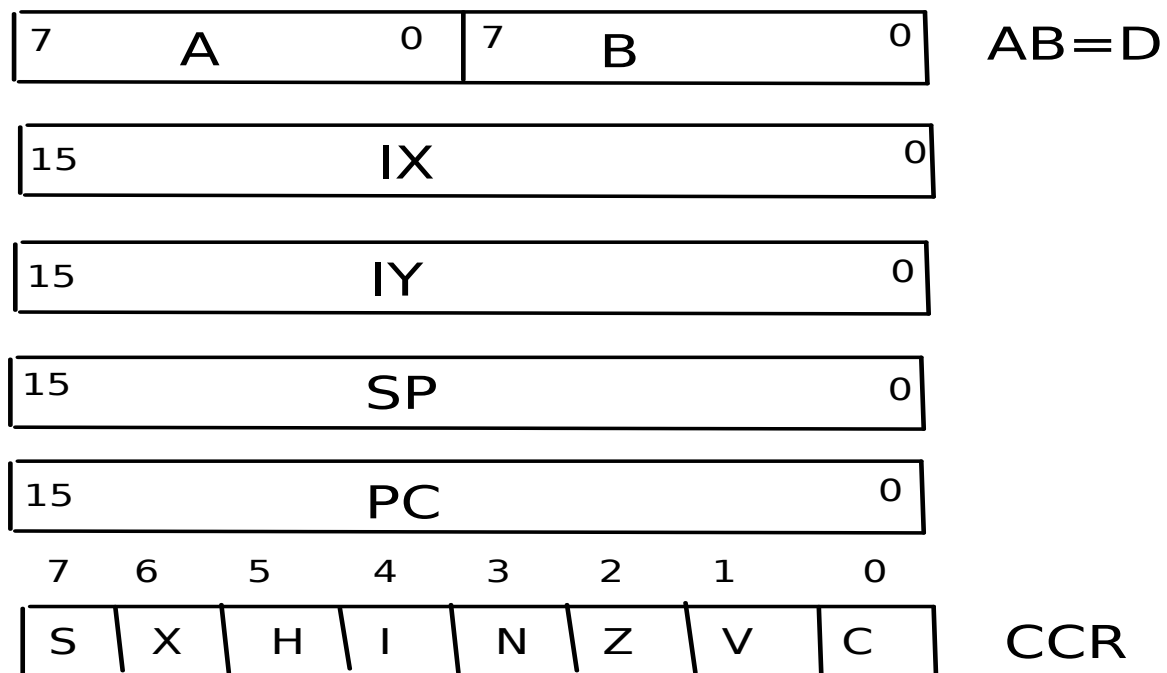
HC11 Modes

- Single Chip
- Expanded
 - Ports B and C are used to access external memory
 - Ports D and A and E are available for input/output
- Boot Strap
- Test

EVBU Stack



HC11 Architecture



HC11 Condition Code Register (CCR)

○ Flags

- C carry
- V overflow
- Z zero
- N negative
- I interrupt mask
- H half carry (from bit 3)
- X X interrupt mask
- S stop disable

HC11 Assembly Language Programming

- Assemble Statement Types
 - instructions
 - directives

Assembly Language Directives are instructions to the assembler to help manage the assembly process. The assemblers `as11` and `gas` target the same assembly language but use different directives. Our text book uses `asm11` directives. We will use `gas` directives in our code examples.